

Vowel Sounds: [This lesson is to be used after Advanced Level Lesson 178 to understand vowel sounds in open syllables, closed syllables, vowel consonant e syllables, vowel teams, r controlled vowels, and final stable syllables.]

Teacher Instructions: Cut up cards. Show students the cards one at a time and have them tell the sound of each vowel and why it makes that sound. Then have students read the word.

sledge	addition
station	eagle
coat	cow
circle	switch
boy	tractor
collar	fork

equal

h**ay**

acorn

rain**i**n

Answers

sledge

e is short because it is in a closed syllable
e is silent in trigraph dge

addition

a is short because it is in a closed syllable
i is short before a final stable syllable
final stable syllable tion is pronounced (shŭn)

station

a is long because it is in an open syllable
final stable syllable tion is pronounced (shŭn)

eagle

vowel team ea is most often pronounced (ē)
e is silent in final stable syllable gle

coat

vowel team oa is pronounced (ō)

cow

vowel team ow is most often pronounced (ou)

circle

r controlled i is pronounced (er)
e is silent in final stable syllable cle

switch

i is short because it is in a closed syllable

boy

vowel team oy is pronounced (oi)

tractor

a is short because it is in a closed syllable
r controlled o is pronounced (er) in an unaccented syllable

collar

o is short because it is in a closed syllable
r controlled a is pronounced (er) in an unaccented syllable

fork

r controlled o is pronounced (or) in an accented syllable

even

e is long because it is in an open syllable
e is short because it is in a closed syllable

hay

vowel team ay is pronounced (ā)

acorn

a is long because it is in an open syllable
r controlled o is pronounced (or)

rain

vowel team ai is pronounced (ā)